



## Promoting Your Research

- About Cambridge University Press
- Peer Review: Tips to writing good reports
- Promoting your research
- Publishing in Open Access journals
- Improving your writing
- Q&A

Presented by: Joe Ng 伍志宏 Acquisitions Editor (Social Sciences) Cambridge University Press



# About Cambridge University Press

#### Our History

- world's oldest publisher, founded in 1534
- part of the University of Cambridge
- offices in 50 countries, trading in over 200
- publish 380 journals & 1,500 books/year



TWO TREATISES
OF THE LORD HIS
HOLLE SVPPER:
THE ONE INSTRUCTING THE
SERVANTS OF GOD HOW THEY
should be prepared when they come to the
holy supper of our onely Saniour
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give it than defined as an horse offering. The facinities of
God are a countre spiritus countre and broken heart, O God,
thou will not depice.

Imprinced by Thomas Thomas Printer to the
Valuarities of Cambridge.

1534
granted a letters
patent to 'print all
manner of books' by
King Henry VIII

1584
first book
(Geneva Bible)
published





#### Editorial Structure & Teams



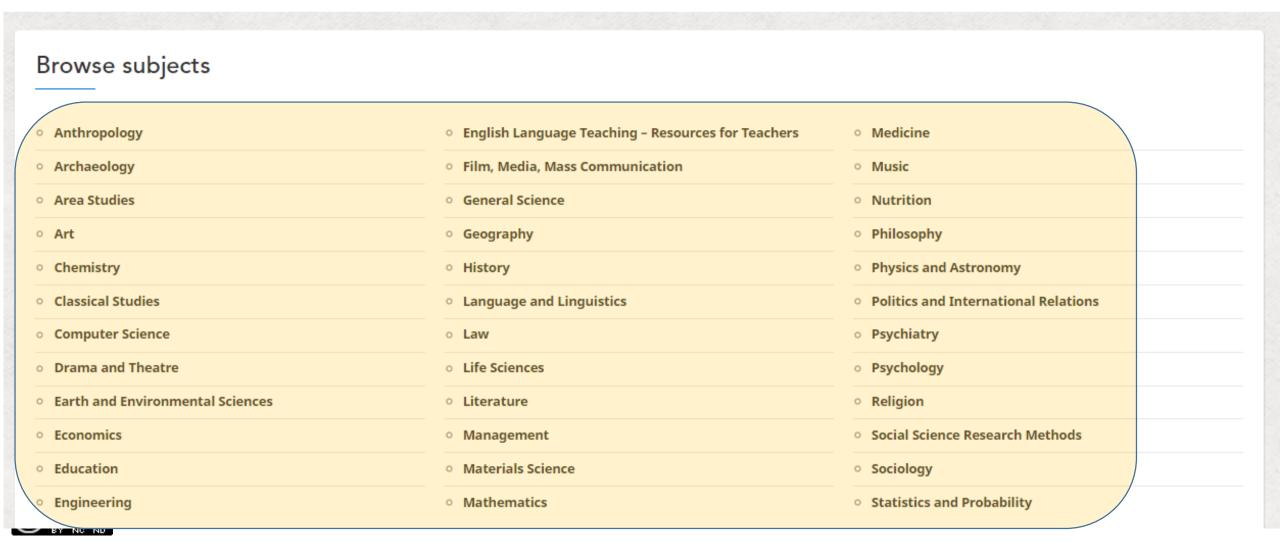




#### https://www.cambridge.org/core/browse-subjects

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Home > Browse subjects





## The Syndicate

- all new books to be reviewed at meeting
- governing body of the Press
- 18 senior faculty members ('syndics') of the University of Cambridge
- Meets fortnightly (term); monthly (vacation); no meeting in Dec
- applies to all authors: even Nobel prizewinners!
- rare for a book to be rejected here;
   rigorous internal review before meeting



## Peer Review

## Tips to writing good reports





### Benefits of offering to peer review

- Learn more about the editorial process:
  - understand key considerations on publication decision
  - Become familiar with commonly recommended revisions
- Keeping up-to-date with novel research in your field.
- Demonstrate your expertise (to the EIC/editors) in your field (include this in your CV)
- Additional perks, e.g., payments, discounts on APC and free access to content, etc.





## Types of peer review

- Single blind author doesn't know identity of reviewer
- Double blind neither author nor reviewer know their identities
- Open peer reivew author and reviewer identities are known; reviews may also be published with paper
- Post-publication peer reivew manuscripts reviewed after they have been published



### Accepting or rejecting invitation to review

#### Do I Have:

- appropriate expertise to review this article?
- any conflict of interest on this article or its author?
- the time to conduct this review effectively?





#### Conflicts of interest

- Personal (friends, spouses, relatives)
- Financial
- Intellectual (opposing views)
- Professional (same institution, mentor/mentee, close collaborator/joint grant holder)
- Political
- religious



- 1. Read journal guidelines
- 2. First reading: overview of article and contribution
- 3. Second reading: detailed reading
- 4. Writing your review



#### 1. Read journal guidelines

- Some journals require reviewer to follow their guidelines
- Adapt your review to suit journal requirements
- Ask the managing editor if unsure





- 1. Read journal guidelines
- 2. First reading: overview of article and contribution
  - Form overall impression and understanding
  - Focus on recent related works
  - Respond to statement of purpose of paper
  - Impact of the paper





- 1. Read journal guidelines
- 2. First reading: overview of article and contribution

#### 3. Second reading: detailed reading

- A. Contribution to the Discipline
- Does the paper make a contribution?
- Significance of contribution?
- Did authors explain the importance of their paper?
- Is paper a good fit for the journal?





- 1. Read journal guidelines
- 2. First reading: overview of article and contribution
- 3. Second reading: detailed reading
  - **B.** Academic rigour and accuracy
  - Is methodology/argument sound?
  - Reasonable interpretation of data/sources?
  - Sufficient evidence to substantiate the claims?
  - Any important references missed out?
  - All information accurate and correct?





- 1. Read journal guidelines
- 2. First reading: overview of article and contribution

#### 3. Second reading: detailed reading

- C. Style and structure
- Is structure clear and well organised?
- Aims of paper introduced and contextualised effectively?
- Conclusion summarized effectively?
- Is language clear and correct?
- Does abstract present the paper's aims, argument and conclusions accurately?

- 1. Read journal guidelines
- 2. First reading: overview of article and contribution
- 3. Second reading: detailed reading

#### 4. Writing your review

- Use your notes to write the review
- Summarize your thoughts in first paragraph
- Substantiate your recommendations
- Suggestions for revisions





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions
- Accept with major revisions
- Decline



- Accept without revision
- Extremely rare!
- Probably more for papers that have gone through a few rounds of revisions





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions
  - Probably some changes to argument, interpretation of results or references:
    - Edit language to improve communication
    - Additional experiments
    - Include small no. of new citations/topics
    - Tweak interpretation of results/evidence





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions
  - Probably some changes to argument, interpretation of results or references
  - Only include revisions essential to quality of paper
  - Other non-essential improvements are welcomed, but differentiate them from the essential ones





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions
- Accept with major revisions
  - Principle of paper is sound but large changes required to be fit for publication





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions

#### Accept with major revisions

- Principle of paper is sound but large changes required to be fit for publication
- For example:
  - Structural issues/reorganizing text
  - More experiments needed to support aims
  - Paper needs to take into account a new topic
  - Existing analysis of data/evidence flawed, reworking required





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions
- Accept with major revisions
  - Principle of paper is sound but large changes required to be fit for publication
  - Provide clear reasons for necessity of further work
  - Give accurate assessment on why revisions are needed
  - Provide recommendations for minor revisions too





- Accept without revision
- Accept with minor revisions
- Accept with major revisions

#### Decline

- Not sound in principle or methodology
- Does not make any significant contribution
- Provide objective reasons and evidence for rejection





## Submitting your report/review

- Keep to agreed submission deadline
- Submit via online peer review management system (ScholarOne, Editorial Manager)
- Don't reveal your identity in the review if singleor double-blind review
- EIC may ask you to review paper again after revisions have been made





## Promoting Your Research





## Promoting your research publications

- Update your institutional profile regularly
- Update your CV regularly
- Create a website/blog (WordPress, Wix)
- Create a video abstract of your paper (YouTube)
- Create a Twitter account





## Promoting your research publications

- Professional networking (LinkedIn)
- Scholarly collaboration networks (ResearchGate, Academia.edu)
- Create a Google Scholar profile & add your publications
- Register for an ORCID account





#### https://www.vitae.ac.uk/researcher-careers/pursuing-an-academic-career/how-to-write-an-academic-cv

After your doctorate

Career management for researchers

Researcher career stories

Researcher CV examples

#### Pursuing an academic career

Applying for academic jobs

▶ Creating an effective academic CV

Academic cover letters

Writing a statement of academic research interest

Research funding

Doctoral careers outside HE

EURAXESS UK Career Development Centre

#### Creating an effective academic CV

Academic CVs should only be used for academic applications and have a unique format. The key extra features compared to general CVs are more focus on:

- publications
- vour research activities
- funding awarded.



Although academic CVs are longer than other types of CVs, no more than four pages is often recommended. There is variation in the expected format in different countries, so try to find out what is expected. Here is some general guidance on creating your academic CV.

- Tailor your academic CV for every application. Analyse the job description and specification, if available. Your CV needs to present strong evidence that you fulfil the job requirements
- Highlight your academic achievements and research interests. Find out as much as you can about the research area you are applying to, so you understand how your expertise complements theirs and can judge their familiarity with technical language of your research area
- Keep jargon to a minimum and write with clarity. Spell out your qualifications, research, publications and any other relevant information. Describe your contribution to publications, particularly high impact publications. See the section on writing a statement of research interest. Don't be modest
- Publications: a reverse chronological list is a prerequisite, best presented as an appendix. Include journal articles, books or chapters of books, reports and patents
- Research experience: in reverse chronological order. Emphasise

#### New user - Register

Access a wealth of information that is only available to registered users, including:

- Publications
- Resources
- Communities

#### REGISTER

Focus on mentoring and coaching for researchers



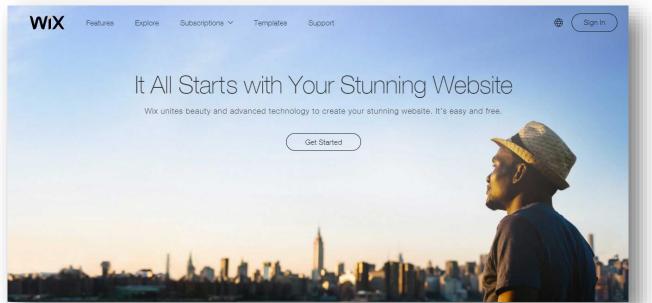
Register for #VitaeHangout on mentoring for researchers. 16 June 2016.

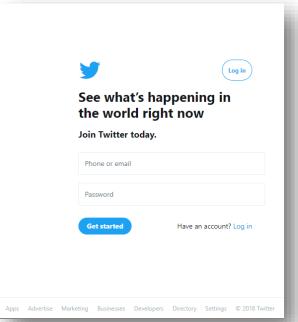
Until end June: we're collecting case studies and articles to showcase expertise in mentoring and coaching researchers



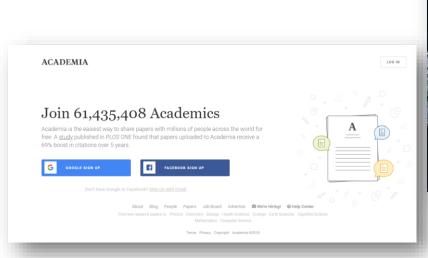


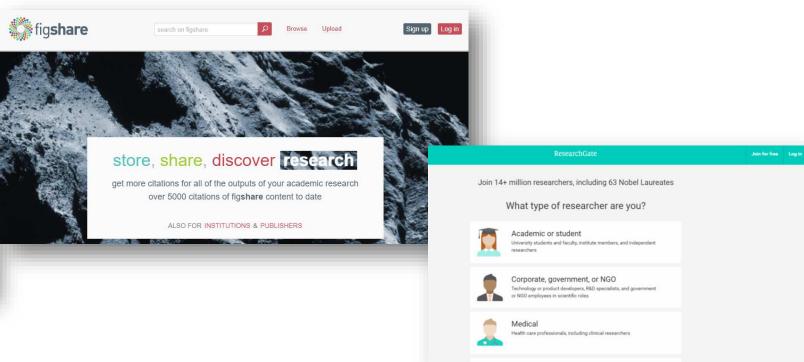


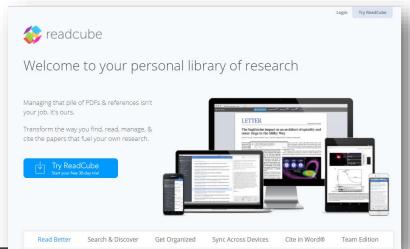




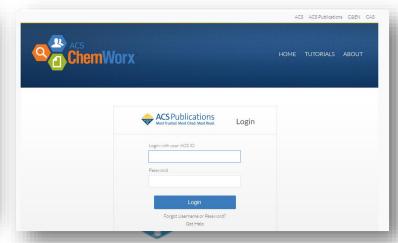




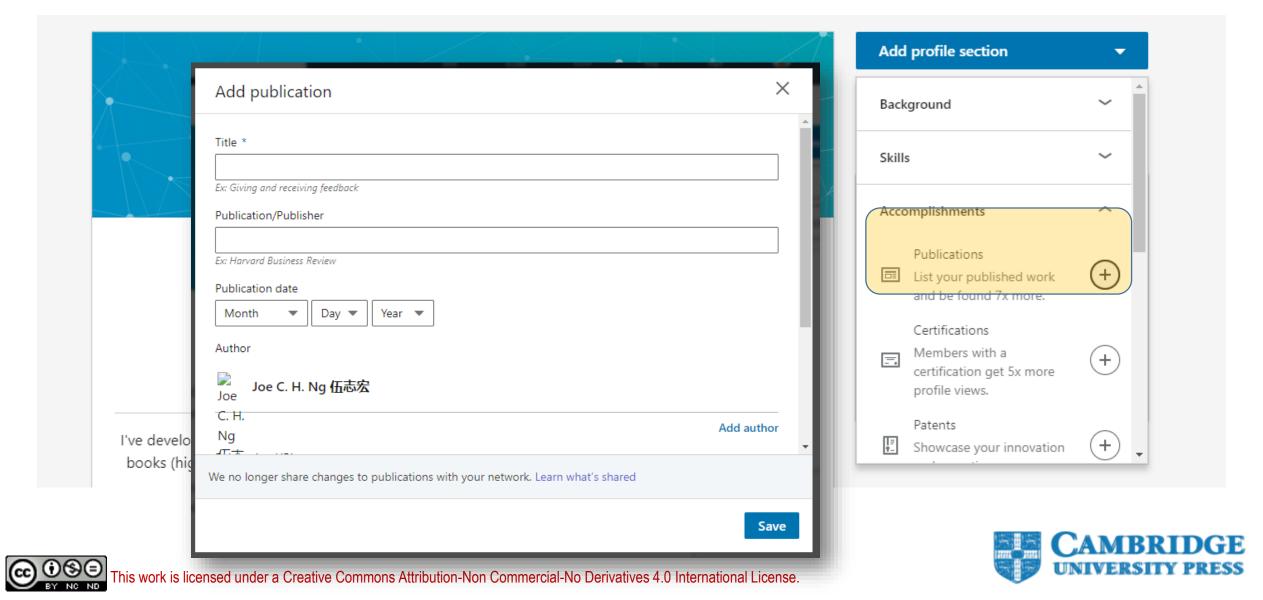








#### Add publications to LinkedIn profile



#### Google Scholar





#### Stephen W. Hawking

Director of Research, Centre for Theoretical Cosmology, DAMTP No verified email

applied mathematics theoretical physics relativity quantum theory

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 Cited by
 VIEW ALL

 All
 Since 2013

 Citations
 132016
 34526

 h-index
 125
 70

TITLE

#### A model of leptons

S Weinberg Physical review letters 19 (21), 1264

#### The large scale structure of space-time

SW Hawking, GFR Ellis Cambridge university press

#### Particle creation by black holes

SW Hawking

Communications in mathematical physics 43 (3), 199-220

#### The illustrated a brief history of time

S Hawking Bantam

#### Imaginary homelands: Essays and criticism 1981-1991

S Rushdie Random House



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Sign In

Need help?

New to Author Central?





#### Responsible social sharing of your work

- 1. You can post a link to the final published version of your work.
- 2. Our Green OA policies allow you to post a version of your work in institutional repositories and other sites.
  - Final PDFs of journal articles not allowed to be posted online
- 3. Use <u>Cambridge Core Share</u>, which allows you to create a link to a free-to-read version of your final published journal article.





#### Our Green OA Journal (STM) Policy

	Personal Webpage	Department/institutional repository	Non-commercial subject repository	Commercial repository
SMUR (Preprint)	At any time			
Accepted MS	On acceptance	Embargo: 6 months	after publication	Abstract only & link to VoR on Cambridge Core
VoR (typeset PDF)		Abstract only & link to	o VoR on Cambridge Cor	e

This policy is updated as of 5 April 2018 and we reserve the right to amend the policy as deemed fit. The latest policy can be viewed here: <a href="https://www.cambridge.org/core/services/open-access-policies/open-access-policy-for-journals/green-open-access-





#### Our Green OA Journal (HSS) Policy

	Personal Webpage	Department/institutional repository	Non-commercial subject repository	Commercial repository
SMUR (preprint)	At any time			
Accepted MS	On acceptance  Abstract only + link to VoR on Cambridge.org			
VoR (typeset PD)	Abstract only & link to VoR on Cambridge Core			

This policy is updated as of 5 April 2018 and we reserve the right to amend the policy as deemed fit. The latest policy can be viewed here: <a href="https://www.cambridge.org/core/services/open-access-policies/open-access-policy-for-journals/green-open-access-





We are excited to introduce Cambridge Core Share, a new sharing service now available on Cambridge Core.

Built with our users' needs in mind, *Cambridge Core Share* is a tool that enables authors and readers to easily generate a link to an online, read-only journal article. This link can be freely shared on social media sites and scholarly collaboration networks to enhance both the impact and discoverability of research.

Cambridge Core Share is our new solution for journal content to be shared quickly, easily and responsibly.

#### Cambridge Core Share Pilot:

We have made this new sharing service available to over 150 journals, to content published from 2016 onwards, during an initial pilot. We plan to make *Core Share* more widely available to journal content on Cambridge Core throughout 2018.

For a full listing of the journals taking part in the pilot please click here.

#### How does Cambridge Core Share work?

Cambridge Core Share allows authors, readers and institutional subscribers to generate a URL for an online version of a journal article. Anyone who clicks on this link will be able to view a read-only, up-to-date copy of the published journal article.





# Publishing in Open Access Journals





#### **Definition of Open Access (OA)?**

Research (mainly journal articles) that are:

- freely available on the public internet;
- permits *any users* to read, download, copy, distribute, print, search, or link to the full texts of these articles;
- allows spiders to crawl the articles for indexing;
- pass them as data to software (machine-readable);
- use them for any other lawful purpose;
- without financial, legal, or technical barriers other than those from gaining access to the internet itself.



**Source:** Budapest Open Access Initiative







### Open Access

	Gold Open Access	Green Open Access
Access	<ul> <li>Free public access to published article</li> <li>Immediate access</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Free public access to a version of your article</li> <li>Some publishers require embargo period (time delay). Check your journal guidelines</li> </ul>
Use	<ul> <li>Is determined by type of user licence, e.g. CC-BY-NC-ND. Check with your journal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Authors have the right to use articles for range of purposes. Open versions of article should have user licence attached, e.g. CC-BY-NC-ND</li> </ul>
Fee	<ul> <li>Article Publishing Charge (APC) paid by author, or on their behalf (for example by institution or funding body)</li> </ul>	No fee
How can I publish OA?	<ul> <li>Publish in hybrid OA journal (subscription journal in which some articles OA)</li> <li>Publish in OA journal</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check your journal guidelines. Typically publish and then self-archive in a repository</li> </ul>

#### OA – The Numbers...

12,000 Gold OA journals<sup>1</sup>

3,500 Green OA repositories<sup>2</sup>

2.32 million published articles<sup>1</sup>

4.7 million full-text article on PubMed Central<sup>3</sup>

900 OA mandates<sup>4</sup>

11,000 OA books<sup>2</sup>

254 OA publishers<sup>2</sup>

**Sources:** <sup>1</sup> <u>Directory of Open Access Journals</u> (as of Feb 16, 2018); <sup>2</sup> <u>Directory of Open Access Repositories</u> (as of Feb 16, 2018); <sup>3</sup> As of Feb 16, 2018; <sup>4</sup> ROARMAP, as of Feb 18, 2018.





#### **Characteristics of Predatory OA Journals**

- Accept articles quickly with little/no peer review.
- Notify authors of APCs only after papers are accepted.
- Aggressive campaigning to authors for submission of articles or to serve on their editorial boards.
- List academics as members of editorial boards without permission and not allowing them to resign.



#### **Characteristics of Predatory OA Journals**

- Appointing fake academics to editorial boards.
- Mimicking the name/website of established journals.
- Misleading claims about publishing operation, such as a false location.
- Improper use of ISSNs.
- Fake or non-existent impact factors.





#### **Identifying Predatory Journals**

- Is the journal indexed in DOAJ? Scopus? Web of Science?
  - Some predatory OA journals are indexed in DOAJ
- Where is their editorial office?
  - Is the address of the publisher/editorial office a physical office?
- Who are their editorial board members?
  - Are the journal editors academics? Their affiliations?
  - Are the board members duplicated across the publishers' journals? Email them directly to ask about the journal.
- Do you need to pay upfront before peer review?
  - Does publisher requests payment of APC before they start peer review?





#### **Identifying Predatory Journals**

- Does it list fake journal rankings or impact factors?
  - e.g. Universal Impact Factor; Journal Impact Factor, Global Impact Factor
- Stick to reputable publishers and journals published by international societies
- Check the peer review policy
  - Usual turn-around time is at least four weeks; may not be thorough if the reports are provided very quickly





#### **Identifying Predatory Journals**

- Be aware that journal title does not reflect its impact
  - any journal can call themselves "International" or use a city/country name as part of its title (e.g., International J of Bad Science, Oxford Journal of Dubious Research)
- Beall's list (no longer updated): <a href="http://beallslist.weebly.com/">http://beallslist.weebly.com/</a>

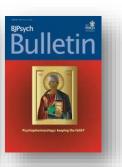


#### Cambridge Gold OA Journals









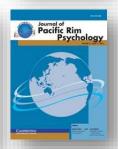






































#### Gold OA Article Processing Charges

- **APC**: £385 (US\$600) to £1,780 (US\$2,835)
- Waiver/reduction of APC for authors from lowand middle-income countries (World Bank list)
- Peer review process and decision to publish independent of author intention to publish Gold OA







### Publishing ethics

<b>Ethical issue</b>	Author responsibilities	
× Duplicate submission	✓ Confirm work in the submitted manuscript has not been submitted elsewhere	
× Plagiarism or inadequate citing	✓ Ensure that all work in a submitted manuscript is original and that you acknowledge content reproduced from other sources.	
× Non-disclosure of conflicts of interest	✓ To declare any potential conflicts of interest.	
× Significant errors in publication	✓ Notify the publisher if a significant error in publication is identified	
× Not conforming to national, local and intuitional laws and requirements	✓ Studies involving human or animal subjects should conform to national, local and institutional laws and requirements	
× Copyright issue	✓ Obtain permission to reproduce content such as images, maps, figures, musical examples etc.	

# Improving Your Writing

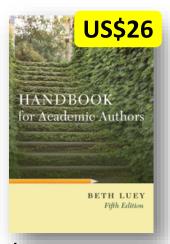




#### Useful books for (new) authors



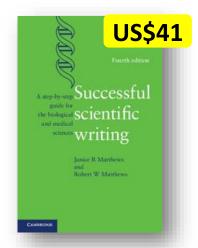
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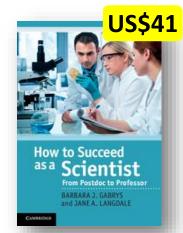
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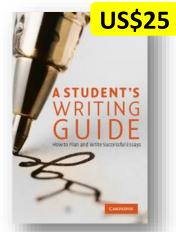
Gustavii 9781316607916



Matthews & Matthews 9781107691933



Gabrys & Langdale

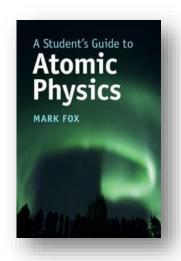


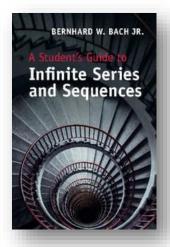


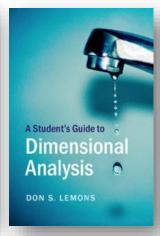


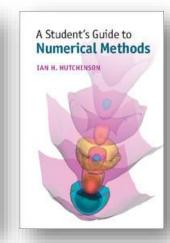


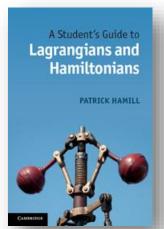
## Student Guides (Physical Sciences)

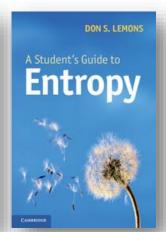


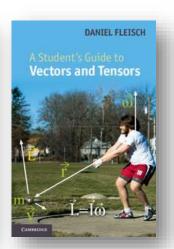


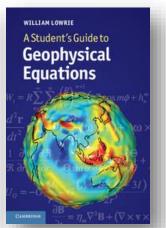


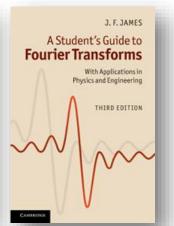


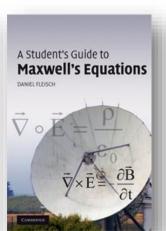


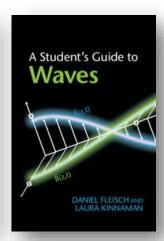
















#### Professional development books

#### **Physical Science Researchers:**

http://www.cambridge.org/hk/academic/collections/professional-development-handbooks-scientists/

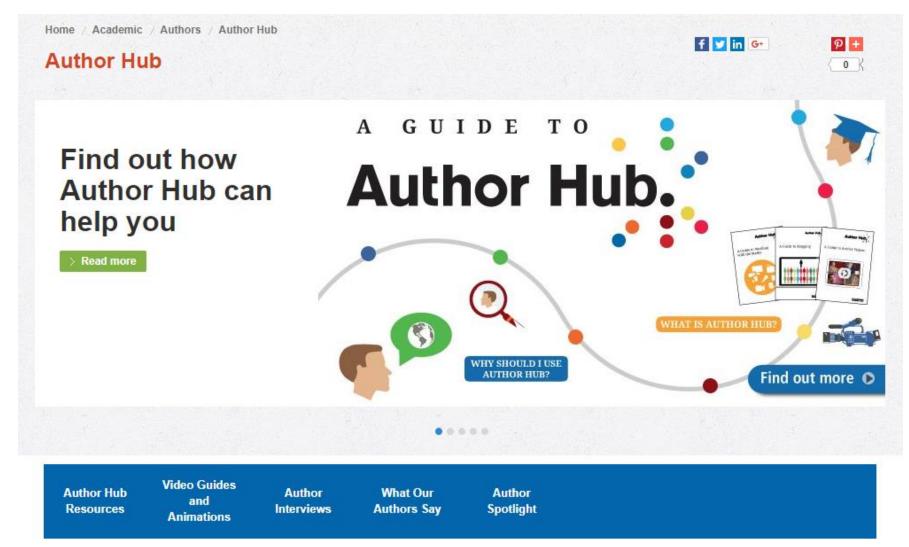
#### Life Science Researchers:

http://www.cambridge.org/sg/academic/subjects/life-sciences/life-science-professional-development/





#### Author Hub at Cambridge







## Author Hub at Cambridge Language Editing by AJE AMERICAN JOURNAL EXPERTS

- For non-native speakers of English
- 420 area of studies with >1,000 qualified editors
- editors are native English speakers, with Masters/PhD/MD and a specialist in your discipline
- Re-edit guaranteed if paper is rejected from a journal on language grounds





#### Author Hub at Cambridge

Language Editing by AIE AMERICAN JOURNAL EXPERTS

#### Standard editing

Spelling, grammar, punctuation and word usage corrected by an expert in your field

#### Premium editing also includes additional:

- Editing for flow and awkward phrasing
- Unlimited free re-edits until paper is published
- Cost depends on word count and turnaround time





#### Author Hub at Cambridge

Other services by AJE AMERICAN JOURNAL EXPERTS

- Translation with editing (Japanese, Chinese, Portuguese, Spanish)
- Formatting of figures/create animation
- Create video abstracts
- Figure preparation
- Poster preparation (for conference)





